

# DATA SHEET

## **DVI - HDCP Extension Cable**

#### M1-1000-xx

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# **Optical DVI - HDCP Extension Cable**

## \* Point-to-point optical fibre cable \*

#### **Description**

The reality of gigabit high-speed digital graphic interconnections mandates products that maintain front-of-screen video quality. Optical technology extends the ability to transmit digital graphic data beyond the physical limits of copper wires by, i) providing pure signal integrity over long distances for the optimum visual experience, ii) no EMI/RFI transmission or reception, iii) light weight, rugged cabling and connectors, iv) very cost effective per foot/metre, v) low power consumption, and vi) plug and go installation ease – no software requirements.

The M1-1000 consists of a transmitter and a receiver, connected by all fiber-optic distribution cables with male DVI-D connectors at each end. The Transmitter and Receiver modules are respectively implemented by Opticis designed and manufactured 850nm VCSEL and PIN-PD arrays.

The M1-1000 product makes DDC / HDCP interconnection over pure fibers as well as transmission of the Red, Green, Blue, and Clock TMDS graphic data over fibers. The cable can be any length up to 500m (326feet) for WUXGA (1,920x1,200) 60Hz data. An external power is required for the receiver module, while most video cards, at least 500mA of +5V voltage can provide DC power to the transmitter module.

The shipping group is as follows;

- 1) One DVI / HDCP cable: M1-1000-yyy, where y = length in metres.
- 2) Factory will stock "standard" lengths of 10m, 20m, 30m and 50m.
- 3) User Manual



#### **Feature**

- Supports all VESA resolutions up to WUXGA (1,920x1,200), at 60Hz refresh rate with 1 pixel/clock mode.
- Embeds pure fiber distribution cable with 8 strands Multimode Glass of fibers not only for the TMDS video interface and but also to support the DDC2B/HDCP, which offers perfect electrical isolation.
- Extends up to 500 meters (1,560 feet).
- Applicable of both powers from graphic cards and an external adaptor for the transmitter while powering the receiver from an external +5V adaptor.
- Compact end connector design easily allows direct connect to the host video card and display peripheral.
- No software to install; just plug and go.
- ◆ Data security with negligible RFI/EMI emissions

## **Applications**

- Digital display system integration for medical, military, aerospace, factory automation, and traffic control platforms.
- ◆ Digital FPD, PDP and projector installation in conference rooms, auditoriums and for kiosk systems
- ♦ LED signboards for large scale information display and stadiums
- ♦ Home Theatre Systems



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Parameter                              | Symbol           | Minimum | Maximum | Units         |
|--|------------------|---------|---------|---------------|
| Storage Temperature                    | T <sub>stg</sub> | - 30    | + 70    | °C            |
| Supply Voltage                         | $V_{CC}$         | - 0.3   | + 6.0   | V             |
| Transmitter Differential Input Voltage | $V_d$            | -       | 1       | V             |
| Relative Humidity                      | RH               | 10      | 85      | %             |
| Lead Soldering Temperature & Time      | -                | -       |         | 260°C, 10 sec |

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

| Parameter                      | Symbol           | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units      |
|--------------------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------|
| Ambient Operating Temperature  | $T_A$            | 0       |         | + 50    | °C         |
| Data Output Load               | $R_{LD}$         |         | 50      |         | Ω          |
| Power Supply Rejection (Note1) | PSR              |         | 50      |         | $mV_{p-p}$ |
| Supply Voltage                 | V <sub>cc</sub>  | + 4.5   | + 5.0   | + 5.5   | V          |
| Graphic Supply Voltage (Note2) | GV <sub>cc</sub> | + 3.0   | + 3.3   | + 3.6   | V          |

Note1. Tested with a  $50 \text{mV}_{p-p}$  sinusoidal signal in the frequency range from 500 Hz to 500 MHz on the  $V_{CC}$  supply with the recommended power supply filter in place. Typically less than a 0.25 dB change in sensitivity is experienced.

Note2. Graphic Supply Voltage is only for the Graphic Signal Interface, which is generated by regulator in the Transmitter and Receiver

## **Electrical Power Supply Characteristics**

 $(T_A = 0 \, ^{\circ}C \text{ to } +50 \, ^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted})$ 

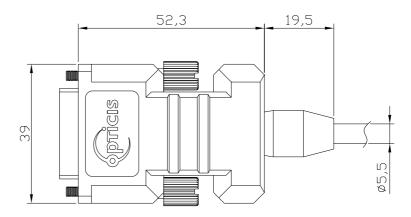
| Paramete          | r  | Symbol           | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|-------------------|----|------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Supply Voltage    |    | V <sub>cc</sub>  | 4.5     | 5       | 5.5     | V     |
| Supply Current    | TX | I <sub>TCC</sub> | -       | 180     | 200     | mA    |
|                   | RX | I <sub>RCC</sub> | -       | 180     | 200     | mA    |
| Power Dissipation | TX | P <sub>TX</sub>  |         | 0.9     | 1.1     | W     |
| ·                 | RX | $P_{RX}$         | -       | 0.9     | 1.1     | W     |

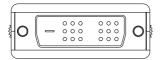


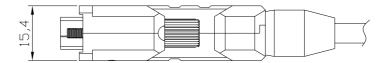
# **Specifications of Fibre-Optic Cables**

| Parameter        | Value                 | Parameter         | Value          |
|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Core Diameter    | $62.5\pm3.0\text{um}$ | Cladding Diameter | 125±2.0um      |
| Coating Diameter | $245\pm15 um$         | Outside Diameter  | $5.5\pm0.2$ mm |
| Proof Test Level | > 100kpsi             |                   |                |

# **Drawing of transmitter and receiver modules**Dimension [mm]









# **DVI Pin Description**

| Pin | Symbol    | Functional Description  |
|-----|-----------|---|
| 1   | CH2-      | TMDS Data Signal Channel 2 Negative                                       |
| 2   | CH2+      | TMDS Data Signal Channel 2 Positive                                       |
| 3   | GND       | TMDS Data Signal Channel 2 Shield   |
| 4   |           |   |
| 5   |           |   |
| 6   | DDC Clock | DDC Clock line for DDC2B communication                                    |
| 7   | DDC Data  | DDC Data line for DDC2B communication                                     |
| 8   | N.C.      |   |
| 9   | CH1-      | TMDS Data Signal Channel 1 Negative                                       |
| 10  | CH1+      | TMDS Data Signal Channel 1 Positive                                       |
| 11  | GND       | TMDS Data Signal Channel 1 Shield   |
| 12  |           |   |
| 13  |           |   |
| 14  | 5 V       | 5 V Input for Transmitter from Host                                       |
| 14  | 3 4       | 5 V Output for Monitor from Receiver                                      |
| 15  | GND       | Ground  |
| 16  | Hot plug  | Signal is driven by monitor to enable the system to identify the presence |
| 10  | Detect    | of a monitor  |
| 17  | CH0-      | TMDS Data Signal Channel 0 Negative                                       |
| 18  | CH0+      | TMDS Data Signal Channel 0 Positive                                       |
| 19  | GND       | TMDS Data Signal Channel 0 Shield   |
| 20  |           |   |
| 21  |           |   |
| 22  | GND       | TMDS Clock Signal Shield  |
| 23  | CLK+      | TMDS Clock Channel Positive   |
| 24  | CLK-      | TMDS Clock Channel Negative   |

Note: Channels 3, 4 and 5 dual-link data signal pins are not used



## **Reliability Test**

Opticis utilizes three types of test criteria for a reduction of variability and a continuous improvement of the process by its FEMA (Failure Mode and Effective Analysis) program.

- 1) Mechanical test (vibration, shock)
- 2) Temperature & humidity tests
- 3) EMC test (FCC class B and CE Verification)

#### **Mechanical and Temperature & Humidity Test Data**

| Heading           | Test                                     | Conditions   | Duration                        | Sample<br>Size | Failure | Remarks                                 |
|-------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|----------------|---------|---|
| Operating<br>Test | Operating at each Temperature (See Note) | * -10 ~ 70 °C<br>(Interval: 10 °C)   | 30 Min<br>(Each<br>Temperature) | n =3           | 0       | <b>Note:</b> Visual Test on the Display |
|                   | Low Temperature                          | * T <sub>S</sub> = -30 °C  | 96 HR                           | n=3            | 0       | TS: Storage Temperature                 |
| Storage           | High Temperature                         | * T <sub>S</sub> = 80 °C   | 96 HR                           | n=3            | 0       | 2. RH: Relative Humidity                |
| Test              | High Humidity<br>High Temperature        | * T <sub>S</sub> : 85 °C<br>* RH: 85%  | 96 HR                           | n=3            | 0       |   |
| Mechanical        | Mechanical<br>Shock                      | * Pulse: 11 ms  * Peak level: 30 g  * Shock pulse: 3 times/Axis                              | -                               | n=2            | 0       |   |
| Test              | Mechanical<br>Vibration                  | * Peak acceleration: 20 g  * Frequency: 20~2000 Hz  * Sweep time: 30 Minutes  * 4 Times/Axis | -                               | n=2            | 0       |   |



#### **EMC Test Data**

## 1) EMI: Meet <u>FCC class B</u> (ICES-003) and <u>CE class B</u>

| STANDARDS                                     |  | CONDITIONS   |
|---|--|--------------|
| EN 55 022 (CISPR22)<br>FCC; PART 15 SUBPART B | CE (Conducted Emission) & RE (Radiated Emission) | Meet Class B |
| EN 61000-3-2 (IEC 61000-3-2)                  | Harmonics  | Meet Class B |
| EN 61000-3-3 (IEC 61000-3-3)                  | Flickers   | Meet Class B |

#### 2) EMS: Meet <u>CE standards (EN 55024) and CISPR24 equivalents</u>

|                     | CONDITIONS   |                        |
|---------------------|--|------------------------|
| EN 61 000-4-2:1995  | Electrostatic Discharge Immunity<br>(Air: 8kv, Contact: 4kv) | Meet Criterion A       |
| EN 61 000-4-3:1996  | Radiated RF E-Field (80~1000 MHz)<br>3V/m (AM 80%, 1kHz)     | Meet Criterion A       |
| EN 61 000-4-4:1995  | Fast Transients (5kHz, 60Seconds)                            | Meet Criterion A       |
| EN 61 000-4-5:1995  | Surge Transients   | Meet Criterion A       |
| EN 61 000-4-6:1996  | Conducted Susceptibility (CS) Radiated Susceptibility (RS)   | Meet Criterion A       |
| EN 61 000-4-11:1994 | Voltage Dips, Interruption & Variation                       | Meet Criterion A and C |

# **Terminology**

| DDC     | Digital Display Channel. Latest specification is DDC2B.  |
|---------|--|
| DVI-D   | Digital Visual Interface. Digital connection only – no analog.   |
| EDID    | Extended Display Identification Data. EDID parameters are sent over the DDC link.  |
| EMI     | Electro Magnetic Interference.   |
| EMS     | Electro Magnetic Susceptibility.   |
| HDCP    | High Definition Content Protection. These parameters are part of the 2002 High   |
|         | Definition Multimedia Interface (HDMI) specification for Consumer Electronics.   |
| PDP     | Plasma Display Panel. Large HDTV panels up to 63" use this display technology.   |
| RFI     | Radio Frequency Interference.  |
| TFT-LCD | Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display – the technology of most computer display panels with VESA resolutions up to 1600x1200 pixels. |
| TMDS    | Transmission Minimized Differential Signalling is the Silicon Image Inc. protocol for  |
|         | the digital signals.   |
| VCSEL   | Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser transmitter diode. The receiver diode is the  |
|         | PIN-Photo Diode. These components are designed and manufactured by Opticis.  |
| VESA    | Video Electronics Standards Association.   |